

SYLLABUS
Spring semester 2025-2026 a.y. for
7M10102 specialty "Public Health"

ID and name of course	Independent work of the student (SIW)	Number of credits			General number of credits	Independent work of the student under the guidance of a teacher (SIWT)					
		Lectures (L)	Practical classes (PC)	Lab. classes (LC)							
HE&HP	4	15	90	-	5	6.					
ACADEMIC INFORMATION ABOUT THE COURSE											
Learning Format	Cycle, component	Lecture types	Types of practical classes		Form and platform final control						
<i>Offline</i>		yes			IC Univer, written						
Lecturer - (s)	Farida Iskakova										
e-mail :	iskakova.farida@kaznu.kz										
Phone :	+77011013086										
Assistant - (s)											
e-mail :											
Phone :											
ACADEMIC COURSE PRESENTATION											
To form scientific and practical views among master students on health education and health promotion in public health preservation.	1. To analyze and critique the role and integration of health education within comprehensive public health systems.			1.1. Identifies the types of health education work. 1.2. Defines the role of health education work in health promotion.							
	2. To analyze the impact of social determinants of health and design equitable health education strategies to address these factors.			2.1. Assesses the impact of the social, economic, and cultural environment on public health. 2.2. Assesses the influence of social and behavioral aspects on health. 2.3. Defines the role of health education work in changing behaviors and social norms.							
	3. To select, justify, and apply appropriate health education methods and models for effective health promotion in diverse communities.			3.1. Defines visual, audiovisual, and textual methods. 3.2. Identifies principles for using modern technologies in health education: the internet, mobile applications, and social media publishing.							
	4. To develop and evaluate health education interventions for the prevention and control of infectious diseases.			4.1. Defines the importance of health education in the directions of infectious disease prevention. 4.2. Identifies infection control programs within the context of public health preservation.							
	5. to integrate evidence-based hygiene principles into the planning and evaluation of health promotion and education programs.			5.1. Defines the importance of health education in complying with sanitary-epidemiological requirements in public and residential settings. 5.2. Defines the impact of hygienic knowledge on public health.							
Prerequisites	Global health and public health systems [85024]										
Postrequisites	Global health and development [104421]										

Learning Resources	<p>Literature: main and additional.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Kemm, John. Health Promotion [Tekct] : ideology, discipline, and specialism / J. Kemm, 2015. - 230 p. 2. Introduction to Health Promotion. Second Edition. A. Snelling.-Hoboken, New Jersey : Jossey-Bass, 2024.-321p. 3. Principles of Health Education and Health Promotion by J. Thomas Butler.-2001.-385 p. 4. Health Education and Promotion: A Skills-based Approach Diana Karczmarczyk, Sara T. Pappa, Sara Pappa.2024.- Year 2024.-eBook ISBN 9781040111673 <p>Research infrastructure</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Kaznu auditorium <p>Internet resources</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Kaznu Library 2. MOOC / video lectures, etc. 3. www.who.org 4. www.cdc.gov 5. https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/ <p>Software (optionally)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. IBM SPSS – 26 version 2. Excel program
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Academic course policy	<p>Academic values: Integration of science and education. The research work of students, undergraduates, and doctoral students is a deepening of the educational process. It is organized directly at the university's laboratories, scientific and design departments, and student scientific and technical associations. Independent work of students at all levels of education is aimed at developing research skills and competencies based on obtaining new knowledge using modern research and information technologies. A research university teacher integrates the results of scientific activities into the topics of lectures and seminars (practical) classes, laboratory classes, and the tasks of the SSWT and SSW, which are reflected in the syllabus and are responsible for the relevance of the topics of training sessions and assignments.</p> <p>Attendance. The deadline for each task is indicated in the calendar (schedule) for the implementation of the content of the course—failure to meet deadlines results in loss of points.</p> <p>Academic honesty. Practical/laboratory classes, SSW, develop the student's independence, critical thinking, and creativity. Plagiarism, forgery, cheat sheets, and cheating at all stages of completing tasks are unacceptable.</p> <p>Compliance with academic honesty during the period of theoretical training and at exams, in addition to the main policies, is regulated by <u>"Regulations on checking students' text documents for borrowings"</u>.</p> <p>Documents are available on the main page of IS Univer.</p> <p>Basic principles of inclusive education. The university's educational environment is conceived as a safe place where there is always support and an equal attitude from the teacher to all students and students to each other, regardless of gender, race/ethnicity, religious beliefs, socio-economic status, physical health of the student, etc. All people need the support and friendship of peers and fellow students. For all students, progress is more about what they can do than what they can't. Diversity enhances all aspects of life.</p> <p>All students, especially those with disabilities, can receive counseling assistance by phone/e- mail <u>iskakovaf@gmail.com</u> or via WhatsApp via video link in MS Teams, <u>enter a permanent link to the meeting</u>.</p> <p>Integration MOOC (massive open online course). In the case of integrating MOOCs into the course, all students need to register for the MOOC. The deadlines for passing MOOC modules must be strictly observed by the course study schedule.</p>
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	<p>ATTENTION! The deadline for each task is indicated in the calendar (schedule) for the implementation of the content of the course, as well as in the MOOC. Failure to meet deadlines results in loss of points.</p>
INFORMATION ABOUT TEACHING, LEARNING AND ASSESSMENT	
Score-rating letter system of assessment of accounting for educational achievements	Assessment Methods
Grade	Digital equivalent points
A	points, % content
A-	Assessment according to the traditional system
Grade	Assessment Methods
A	Criteria-based assessment is the process of correlating actual learning outcomes with expected learning outcomes based on clearly defined criteria. Based on formative and summative assessment.
A-	Formative assessment is a type of assessment that is carried out in the course of daily learning activities. It is the current measure of progress. Provides an operational relationship between the student and the teacher. It allows you to

B+	3.33	85-89	Fine	determine the capabilities of the student, identify difficulties, help achieve the best results, and timely correct the educational process for the teacher. The performance of tasks, and the activity of work in the classroom during lectures, seminars, and practical exercises (discussions, quizzes, debates, round tables, laboratory work, etc.) are evaluated. Acquired knowledge and competencies are assessed.
B	3.0	80-84		Summative assessment - a type of assessment, which is carried out upon completion of the study of the section by the program of the course. Conducted 3-4 times per semester when performing SIW . This is the assessment of mastering the expected learning outcomes of the descriptors. Allows you to determine and fix the level of mastering the course for a certain period. Learning outcomes are evaluated.
B-	2.67	75-79		Formative and summative assessment
C+	2.33	70-74		1. Activity in discussions of topic in classes
C	2.0	65-69		2. Work in practical classes
C-	1.67	60-64		3. Independent work
D+	1.33	55-59	Satisfactorily	4. Design and creative activity
D	1.0	50-54		5. Final control (exam)
			Unsatisfactory	Activity in discussions of topics in classes
				Work in practical classes
			Unsatisfactory	Independent work
				Design and creative activity
			Unsatisfactory	Final control (exam)
				TOTAL
				100

Calendar (schedule) for the implementation of the content of the course. Methods of teaching and learning.

A week	Topic name	Number of hours	Max. ball
MODULE 1 INTRODUCTION TO MEDICAL ECOLOGY			
1	L.1. Organization of health education work in departments (administrations, committees) of sanitary-epidemiological surveillance.	1	
	PC 1. Development of a media plan and operational plan for organizing health education work in sanitary-epidemiological surveillance organizations.	2	0
2	L.2 Social determinants of health and their influence on health education.	1	
	PC 2. Ethics and principles of health education.	2	8
3	L.3. Methods and types of health education work.	1	
	PC 3. Use of information technologies in health education.	2	7
	ISWT 1. Consultations on the implementation of SIW 1.		
4	L.4. The role of health education in the prevention of infectious diseases.	1	
	PC 4. Development of a program to inform the public about disease prevention approaches.	2	7
	IWST2. Consultation on the completion of IWS 1 on 1-4 seminar topics.		
	IWS1 on 1-4 Seminar topics completion.		25
5	L.5. Prevention of chronic diseases and health education..	1	
	PC 5. The role of the family in health promotion: developing a program for parents.	2	7
	IWST3. Consultation on the completion of IWS 1 on 1-3 seminar topics		
MODULE 2 ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS			
6	L 6. The role of health education in preserving the health of children and adolescents.	1	
	PC6. Development of a health education program for parents on effective child-rearing.	2	7
	ISWT 4 Consultations on the implementation of SIW 2		
7	L.7. Fundamentals of hygiene and their role in health promotion.	1	
	PC 7. Problems of implementing health promotion programs in socio-economic groups.	2	7
	SIW 2. Parsing and analyzing an article about an environmental problem.		25
Midterm control 1 (task)			100

8	L.8. Hygienic training program for workers involved in the production, storage, transportation, sale, use, and disposal of food products; sanitary treatment and repair of equipment in contact with them; and their transport by all modes of transportation.	1	
	PC 8. Conducting health education work on food safety issues.	2	7
	IWS2 on 6-8 seminar topics completion.		25
9	L. 9. Hygienic training for workers on preventive measures for food poisoning.	1	
	PC 9. Conducting health education work on the prevention of foodborne infectious diseases.	2	7
10	L 10. Hygienic training for workers on preventive measures for food poisoning.	1	
	PC 10. Conducting health education work on the prevention of foodborne infectious diseases.	2	7
	IWST 5. Consultation on the completion of IWS 3 on 9-11 seminar topics		

11	L.11. Hygienic training program for staff of educational institutions, various types and kinds of preschool organizations, and orphanages. PC 11. Conducting preventive health education work on child safety with the staff of educational institutions. IWS 3 on 9-11 seminar topics completion.	1	
12	L.12. Hygienic training program for staff of children's recreational and sanatorium-resort organizations. PC 12. Conducting preventive health education work on child safety with the staff of children's recreational organizations.	2	7
13	L.13. Hygienic training program for healthcare and medical-social rehabilitation workers. PC 13. Conducting health education work with healthcare and medical-social rehabilitation workers.		7
14	L.14. Hygienic training program for passenger service sector workers. PC 14. Conducting health education work with passenger service sector workers. ISWT 6. Consultation on the completion of IWS 4 on 9-11 seminar topics	1	
15	L.15. Hygienic training program for water supply facility workers directly involved in drinking water preparation and water supply network maintenance. PC 15. Conducting health education work with water supply facility workers directly involved in drinking water preparation and water supply network maintenance. ISW 4 on 9-11 seminar topics completion.	2	8
Midterm control 2 (tests)			100
Final control (exam)			100
TOTAL for course			100

Dean _____ **S.B. Kalmahanov**

**Chairman of the Academic Committee
on the quality of teaching and learning** _____ **G.M.Kurmanova**

Head of Department _____ **A.E.Ualiyeva**

Lecturer _____ **F.A. Iskakova**

RUBRICATOR OF THE SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT
CRITERIA EVALUATION OF LEARNING OUTCOMES

Task name (points, % content from 100% MC, copy from the calendar (graphics) implementation of the content of the training course, methods of teaching and learning

Criterion	"Excellent" Max. weight in %	"Good" Max. weight in %	"Satisfactory" Max. weight in %	"Unsatisfactory" Max. weight in %
	95- 100 %	80-94%	64-79%	<63%

Criterion	"Excellent" 20-25%	"Good" 15-20%	"Satisfactory" 10-15%	"Unsatisfactory" 0-10%
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THEMATIC PLAN AND CONTENT OF PRACTICAL STUDIES

Nº	Topic	Content	Resources
	2	3	4
1	Introduction to Epidemiology: Definition. Core	Basic concepts and areas of application. Theories of causality and probability. epidemiological triad. Factors related to the infectious agent, the environment, and the susceptible individual. The concept of the epidemic process and ways of transmission of infection. epidemiological approach. Fundamentals of surveillance. Population, sentinel, and syndromic surveillance. Mini presentation. CBL Case study.	1. Gordis, Leon, Epidemiology, 5th Edition, W.B. Saunders Company, 2013, p. 20-54, 55-61, 61-78 2. Principles of Epidemiology in Public Health Practice, 3d Edition, CDC, US Department of Public Health, 2012. Lesson 1-4. 3. High-Yield Biostatistics, Epidemiology, & Public Health, 4th Edition, p.86-96 4. Kaplan USMLE, Lecture Notes, Behavioral Sciences and Social Science, 2017, p.3-10 5. An Introduction to Epidemiology. Wolfgang Ahrens, Klaus Krickeberg, Iris Pigeot, p.3-20 6. CDC-materials https://www.cdc.gov/csels/dsepds/ss1978/lesson5/section2.html
2	Epidemiological Study Design.	Epidemiological methods: descriptive, analytical, and experimental. Case reports (clinical cases), case series (series of cases); ecological, cross-sectional studies, case-control, cohort study. Randomized and non-randomized clinical trials. Measures, bias, and confounders. Advantages and limitations of epidemiological methods. Diagnostic and screening tests.	1. Kaplan USMLE, Lecture Notes, Behavioral Sciences and Social Science, 2017, p.11-14, 17-24 2. Gordis, Leon, Epidemiology, 5th Edition, W.B. Saunders Company, 2013, p.197-232, p.158-194, p.235-247, p.250-280, p.282-296, 346-367 3. An Introduction to Epidemiology. Wolfgang Ahrens, Klaus Krickeberg, Iris Pigeot, p. 29-35

		<p>sensitivity and specificity. Likelihood ratio. Predictive value (negative and positive). The use of epidemiological methods in clinical medicine. Glossary. Mini presentation. CBL - Case study.</p>	<p>4. High-Yield Biostatistics, Epidemiology, & Public Health, 4th Edition, p.57-71, 82-92 5. Wolfgang, A. Handbook of Epidemiology. 5 vol.//Ahrens Wolfgang, Peugeot Iris. - 2 ed. - Springer Reference, 2014, p.187-388</p>
3	Epidemiology of communicable and	<p>Epidemiology of infectious diseases. Occurrence, mechanism, and ways of transmission of infectious diseases.</p> <p>Epidemiological classification of infectious diseases. Standard case definition: presumptive, probable, and confirmed cases.</p> <p>Outbreak investigation. Stages of investigation. Anti-epidemic and preventive measures in the focus of infection. Glossary.</p> <p>Epidemiology of chronic non-communicable diseases: cardiovascular, oncological diseases, COPD, diabetes. Causes and conditions for the occurrence and spread of HND.</p> <p>Measurement of risks, prevalence rates, outcomes and treatment effectiveness. Epidemiology of dental diseases. Glossary. Mini presentation. CBL. case study.</p>	<p>1. High-Yield Biostatistics, Epidemiology, & Public Health, 4th Edition, p.96-100</p> <p>2. Gordis, Leon, Epidemiology, 5th Edition, W.B. Saunders Company, 2013, p. 54-56, p.328-335</p> <p>3. Wolfgang, A. Handbook of Epidemiology. 5 vol.//Ahrens Wolfgang, Peugeot Iris. - 2 ed.- Springer Reference, 2014, v.5</p> <p>4. Cancer Epidemiology: Principles and Methods. Isabel dos Santos Silva. WHO. -1999.-437 p.</p> <p>5. Communicable disease control in emergencies. A field manual. Edited by M.A. Connolly.2005.-194 p.</p>
4	5 stages of Evidence-Based Medicine. Search and critical analysis of published research.	<p>Principles of Evidence-Based Medicine. The history of the development of Evidence-Based Medicine. World development experience. The value of Evidence-Based Medicine for clinical practice. 5 stages of evidence-based medicine. Formulation and transformation of a clinical problem into a question using the PICOT principle. Finding and identifying the best evidence to answer. Evaluation of the quality and reliability of evidence. Implementation of the results of a critical assessment in clinical practice and evaluation of the results of the work done (audit). Glossary.</p> <p>Select appropriate resources and search for evidence.</p> <p>Medline/PubMed, Cochrane Collaboration Data Base, Cochrane Library, EMBASE. Search strategy: keywords, logical operators (Boolean Operators), phrases (Phrase Search), by author (Author Search), by journal title (Journal Search), subject headings (MeSH) Operations with search results. Mini presentation. CBL Case study.</p>	<p>1. Fundamentals of Evidence-Based Medicine, K Prasad, 2013, 1-7 p, Chapter 2, 19-25 p</p> <p>2. Essential Evidence-based medicine, D, Mayer, 2010, 9-18 p</p> <p>3. Evidence-Based Answers to Clinical Questions for Busy Clinicians Workbook- 2009.-26p.</p> <p>4. Essentials of Evidence-based Clinical Practice. Second Edition. -2008.-349 p.</p> <p>5. Medline/PubMed, Cochrane Collaboration Data Base, Cochrane Library, EMBASE</p>

5	Systematic review and meta-analysis. Evaluation of clinical protocols and recommendations. GRADE.	Studies summarizing other studies: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Stages of creating a systematic review. Stages of meta-analysis. Options for presenting meta-analysis results in a systematic review. Search strategy for systematic reviews. Assessing the quality of systematic reviews using the AGREE system. Evaluation of clinical guidelines. Recommendation classes: I, II, II-a, II-b, III. Glossary. Mini presentation. CBL - case studies.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Literature Reviews in Social Work. Robin Kiteley and Christine Stogdon.- 2014.-20 p. 2. APPRAISAL OF GUIDELINES FOR RESEARCH & EVALUATION II. The AGREE Next Steps Consortium. - May 2009.-52 p.
6	Research proposal. Create and share questionnaire.	Conceptualization stage of health services research. Select and formulate a research problem. Theories and appropriate theoretical frameworks in health research. Types of research reviews (e.g., information synthesis, literature reviews, and meta-analysis) and their purposes. General categories in research review.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Fundamentals of Evidence-Based Medicine, K Prasad, 2013, 27-31 p, 109-112 p 2. Essential Evidence-based medicine, D, Mayer, 2010, 367-377 p 3. Evidence-based medicine, Dermot P.B.McGovern et all, 2005, 62-76 p 4. How to read a paper. T. Greenhalgh. -2003.-240 p. 5. Evidence-Based Answers to Clinical Questions for Busy Clinicians Workbook. - 2009.-26p.
7	Measurement in Epidemiology. Frequencies, rates, ratio.	Counts, frequencies, rates and ratio. Measuring disease incidence, prevalence and mortality rates. Calculation and interpretation of indicators of morbidity, prevalence, mortality of the population. Visual presentation of epidemiological data. Registration of cases. Data collection system. Analysis, interpretation, and presentation of surveillance data. Glossary. Mini presentation. CBL Case study.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Epi Info. -176 p. 2. Gordis, Leon, Epidemiology, 5th Edition, W.B. Saunders Company, 2013, p.55-61, p.371-376 3. Principles of Epidemiology in Public Health Practice, 3d Edition, CDC, US Department of Public Health, 2012. Lesson 5. 4. CAPABILITY 13: Public Health Surveillance and Epidemiological Investigation. Public Health Preparedness Capabilities:
8	Summarizing data: Properties and methods of Frequency Distributions. Measures of Central Location and spread.	Data, database. Mean, median and mode. Central location, types. Types of variables. Types of distribution, descriptive statistics. Databases (Excel, SPSS).	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Fundamentals of Biostatistics. Seventh Edition. Rosner. - 2016.-856 p. 2. Primer of Biostatistics. Seventh Edition. Stanton A. Glantz, Ph.-2009.-297p. 3. Medical Statistics at a Glance Workbook. Front Cover. Aviva Petrie, Caroline Sabin. John Wiley & Sons, 2013 - Medical - 120 p. 4. SPSS Survival Manual 6th edition. Julie Pallant - 2016
9	Types of statistical hypotheses. Hypothesis testing. P-value. Standard error and confidence interval.	Types of statistical hypotheses. Hypothesis testing. P-value. Standard error and confidence interval.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Fundamentals of Biostatistics. Seventh Edition. Rosner. - 2016.-856 p. 2. Primer of Biostatistics. Seventh Edition. Stanton A. Glantz, Ph.-2009.-297p. 3. Medical Statistics at a Glance Workbook. Front Cover. Aviva Petrie, Caroline Sabin. John Wiley & Sons, 2013 - Medical - 120 p. 4. SPSS Survival Manual 6th edition. Julie Pallant - 2016

10	Biostatistics: Descriptive statistics. Databases (Excel, SPSS).		
11	Introduction to analytical statistics. Methods for analyzing qualitative variables, independent and related samples (Chi-square test. Fisher's exact test, McNemar's test).	Methods for the analysis of qualitative variables, independent and related samples (Chi-square test. Fisher's exact test, McNemar's test).	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Fundamentals of Biostatistics. Seventh Edition. Rosner. - 2016.-856 p. 2. Primer of Biostatistics. Seventh Edition. Stanton A. Glantz, Ph.-2009.-297p. 3. Medical Statistics at a Glance Workbook. Front Cover. Aviva Petrie, Caroline Sabin. John Wiley & Sons, 2013 - Medical - 120 p. 4. SPSS Survival Manual 6th edition. Julie Pallant - 2016
12	Parametric Tests (T-tests, ANOVA).	One-sample t-test, Two-sample t-test and Paired t-test., One-way ANOVA.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Fundamentals of Biostatistics. Seventh Edition. Rosner. - 2016.-856 p. 2. Primer of Biostatistics. Seventh Edition. Stanton A. Glantz, Ph.-2009.-297p. 3. Medical Statistics at a Glance Workbook. Front Cover. Aviva Petrie, Caroline Sabin. John Wiley & Sons, 2013 - Medical - 120 p. 4. SPSS Survival Manual 6th edition. Julie Pallant - 2016
13	Non-parametric Tests (Mann-Whitney U-test, Wilcoxon U-test, Kruskal-Wallis Test, Friedman Test.	Mann-Whitney U-test, Wilcoxon U-test, Kruskal-Wallis Test, Friedman Test.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Fundamentals of Biostatistics. Seventh Edition. Rosner. - 2016.-856 p. 2. Primer of Biostatistics. Seventh Edition. Stanton A. Glantz, Ph.-2009.-297p. 3. Medical Statistics at a Glance Workbook. Front Cover. Aviva Petrie, Caroline Sabin. John Wiley & Sons, 2013 - Medical - 120 p. 4. SPSS Survival Manual 6th edition. Julie Pallant - 2016
14	Correlation (Pearson and Spearman) and regression. Survival analysis Log-rank test.	Correlation. Pearson's correlation coefficient. Spearman's rank correlation coefficient. The sensitivity of the correlation coefficient. Survival curve.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Fundamentals of Biostatistics. Seventh Edition. Rosner. - 2016.-856 p. 2. Primer of Biostatistics. Seventh Edition. Stanton A. Glantz, Ph.-2009.-297p. 3. Medical Statistics at a Glance Workbook. Front Cover. Aviva Petrie, Caroline Sabin. John Wiley & Sons, 2013 - Medical - 120 p. 4. SPSS Survival Manual 6th edition. Julie Pallant - 2016
15	Presentation of research work in a thesis	Planning and organization of scientific research. Definition of the research topic, aim and objectives. Formulation of Hypothesis. Definition of research methods. Developing of a questionnaire/patient card. Data collection. Enter data in the SPSS database. Choosing statistical tests and data analysis. Creating tables, formation of conclusions. Graphical representation of data. Preparing a presentation.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Radaev V.V. How to organize and present a research project: 75 simple rules. - M.: SU-HSE: INFRA-M, 2011 - 203 p. 2. Ospan E. Academic writing: the basics of writing a research paper., Almaty, 2020.-231 p.

№	Criterion (point-rating assessment)	10	8	6	4	2
		excellent	above average	acceptable	requires correction	excellent above unacceptable
Oral questioning, discussion	1 Basic knowledge of Epidemiology, Evidence-based Medicine and Biostatistics.	Full assimilation of the programme material. Demonstrated original thinking. Independently used additional literature.	Demonstrated standard thinking with full mastery of programme material.	Mastering of the material with non-principled inaccuracies in answers.	Learning the basics Understanding your mistakes and willingness to correct them.	Fundamental errors Constantly confused in answers, did not work through the core literature.
	2 Knowledge of research design in Epidemiology.					
	3 Knowledge of the epidemiology of communicable and non-communicable diseases.					
	4 Knowledge of searching and critically analyzing publications.					
	5 Organization of research.					
	6 Knowledge and skills of descriptive and inferential methods of Biostatistics.					
	7 Knowledge and skills of academic writing.					
	8 Solving Test Tasks - 20 tests 1 test - 1 point	20	16-18	11-15	6-10	1-5
	9 Group communication skills and professional attitude (especially when using IMO)	Contact and productive team member	Contactful and productive team member, although prefers individual work	Combines team and individual work	Tends to be individualistic	individual

Point-rating assessment of the student's independent work under the guidance of a teacher (maximum, 50 points)

№	Evaluation criteria	10 points	8 points	6 points	4 points
1.	Completeness and accuracy.	Completes the assignment completely. Applies critical thinking and analysis skills in completing the assignment. Effective	Completes the task with some inaccuracies. Shows standardized thinking and reasoning. Applies analysis skills. Good presentation of	Completion of the task with significant errors. Understands his/her mistakes and is ready to correct them. Weak analysis skills.	Failure to complete the assignment. Does not show scientific thinking and practical skills. Weak skills in analyzing and presenting the
2.	Critical thinking				
3.	Analytical skills				
4	Presentation of the assignment				

CPC - creative assignment (maximum 90 points) + bonuses for English language

	20	15	10	5
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1	Relevance of the problem	Very high 	High	Sufficiently high	Not high
2	Informativeness				
3	Credibility				
4	Logicality and consistency				
5	Literature analysis				
6	Practical relevance				
8	Applicability in future practice				
9	Presentation				
10	Plagiarism check				
bonus	* - for Kazakh/Russian groups - English language; for groups studying in English - performing the task in Russian or Kazakh language				

Kaplan Medical USMLE Step 1: Behavioral Science Lecture

Notes Paperback – January 1, 2013